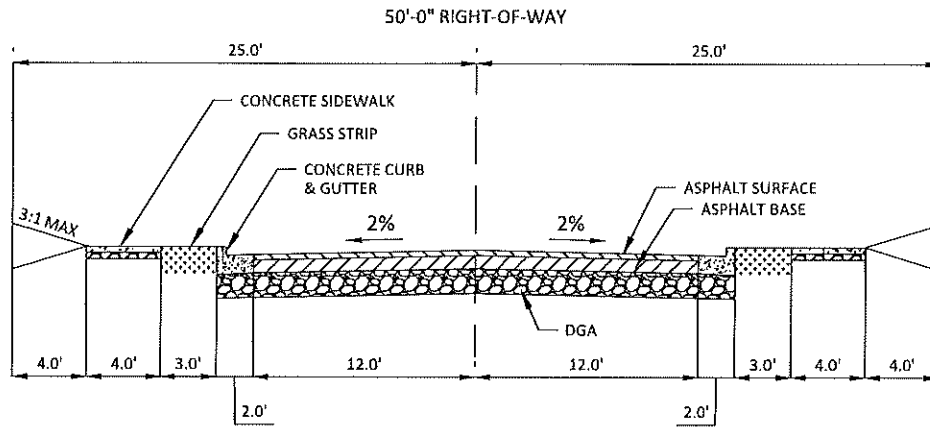
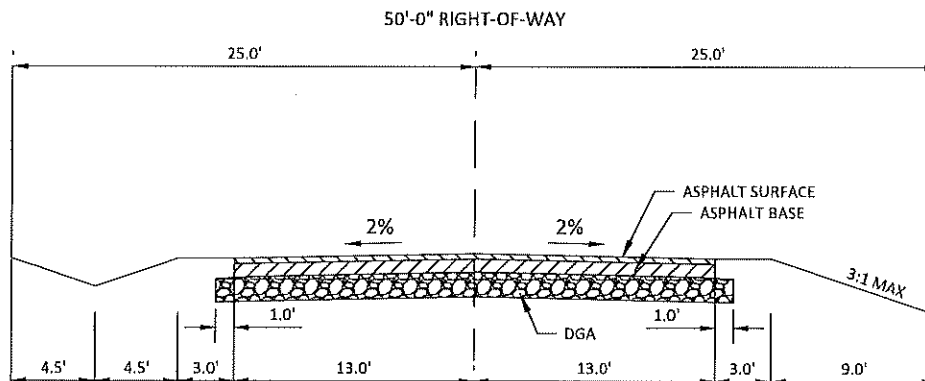


APPENDIX 1 – TYPICAL STREET SECTIONS



TYPICAL CITY STREET SECTION
(CURB/GUTTER & SIDEWALK)



TYPICAL CITY STREET SECTION



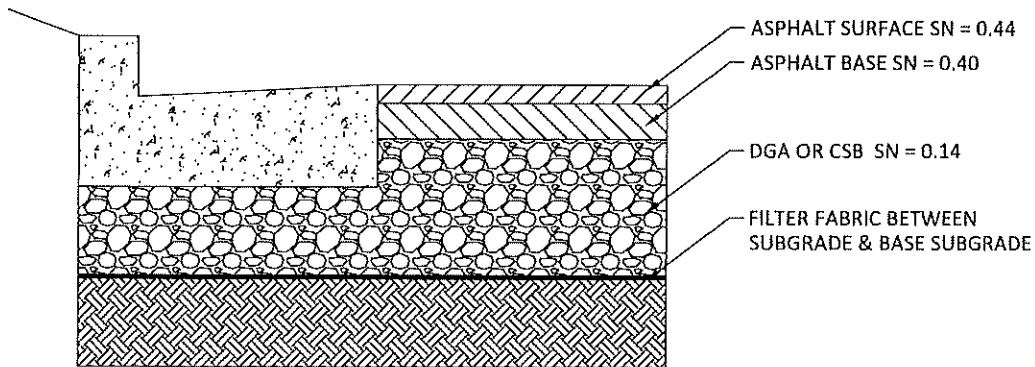
CITY OF
SPRINGFIELD

TYPICAL STREET
SECTIONS

JANUARY 2025

APPENDIX 2 – PAVEMENT DESIGN DETAIL

TYPICAL PAVEMENT SECTION



MINIMUM PAVEMENT SECTIONS

STREET CLASSIFICATION	MINIMUM LAYER THICKNESS*
RESIDENTIAL CUL-DE-SAC (<1,000 FT.)	9" DGA, 3" ASPHALT BASE, 1.25" ASPHALT SURFACE
RESIDENTIAL COLLECTOR (>1,000 FT.)	9" DGA, 3.5" ASPHALT BASE, 1.25" ASPHALT SURFACE
COMMERCIAL	12" DGA, 4.5" ASPHALT BASE, 1.25" ASPHALT SURFACE
LIGHT INDUSTRIAL (LIP)	12" DGA, 5.5" ASPHALT BASE, 1.5" ASPHALT SURFACE
INDUSTRIAL	14" DGA, 6" ASPHALT BASE, 1.5" ASPHALT SURFACE

*MINIMUM PAVEMENT DESIGN BASED ON 15-YEAR DESIGN LIFE AND A CBR OF 3 OR LESS.

NOTES:

ALTERNATE PAVEMENT DESIGNS MAY BE SUBMITTED TO THE OFFICE OF THE CITY ENGINEER FOR APPROVAL BY A LICENSED ENGINEER WITH AN ACCOMPANYING GEOTECHNICAL REPORT

ALTERNATE DESIGNS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CURRENT EDITION OF KYTC'S PAVEMENT DESIGN GUIDE AND STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS.

SUBGRADE STABILIZATION IS RECOMMENDED FOR ANY SOIL WITH A CBR LESS THAN 7.

USE GEOTEXTILE FABRICS IN ACCORDANCE WITH KYTC STANDARDS IN SATURATED FOUNDATION AREAS AND IN EMBANKMENT BENCHING AREAS OR AS REQUIRED BY THE CITY ENGINEER.

ROADSIDE DITCHES SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF SIX (6) INCHES BELOW THE BOTTOM OF THE PAVEMENT STONE BASE LAYER.

A SUBGRADE DRAINAGE SYSTEM SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS WITH UNDERDRAINS AT A MINIMUM SPACING OF 100 FEET CENTER-TO-CENTER ALONG THE EDGES OF THE ROADWAY OR AS REQUIRED BY THE CITY ENGINEER.

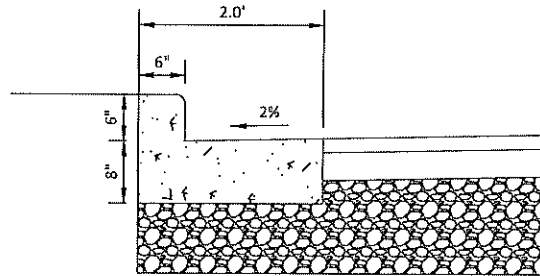


CITY OF
SPRINGFIELD

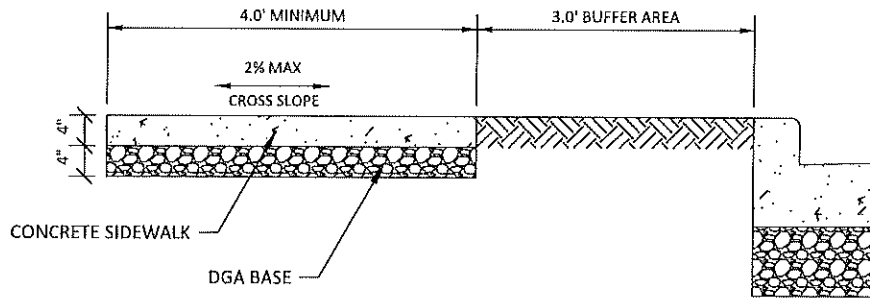
PAVEMENT
DESIGN DETAIL

JANUARY 2025

APPENDIX 3 – TYPICAL STREET DETAILS



CURB & GUTTER DETAIL
(MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS)



CONCRETE SIDEWALK DETAIL

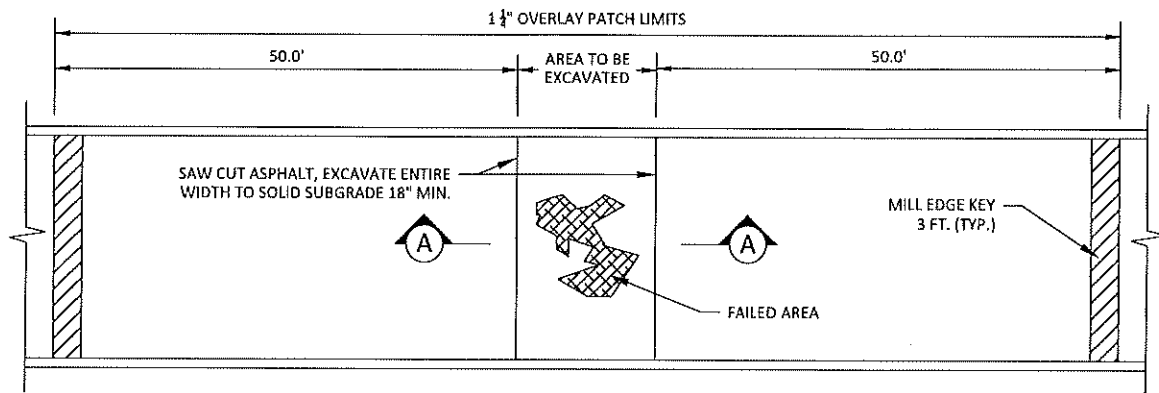


CITY OF
SPRINGFIELD

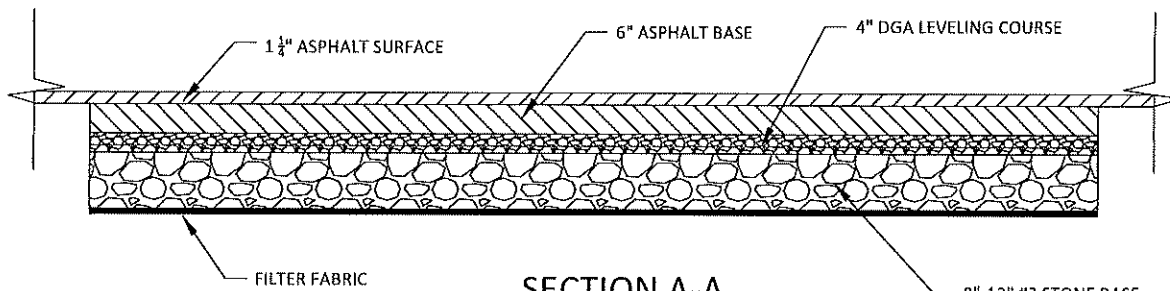
TYPICAL STREET
DETAILS

JANUARY 2025

APPENDIX 4 – ROADWAY FAILURE REPAIR DETAIL



PLAN VIEW



**SECTION A-A
(MINIMUM SECTION)**

NOTES

1 $\frac{1}{4}$ " OVERLAY PATCH IS NOT REQUIRED IF THE FINAL ASPHALT SURFACE HAS NOT BEEN PLACED.

IF NUMEROUS FAILURES EXIST, THE ENTIRE ROAD MAY BE REQUIRED TO BE OVERLAID.

#2 STONE BASE LAYER SHALL BE PLACED TO "DAY LIGHT" TO NEAREST DITCH OR CROSS DRAIN.

SUBGRADE UNDERDRAINS OR "BLEEDERS" MAY BE INSTALLED USING MIN. 4" DIAMETER PERFORATED PIPE WITH MIN. 6" ENVELOPE OF SIZE #57 STONE.



CITY OF
SPRINGFIELD

ROADWAY FAILURE
REPAIR DETAIL

JANUARY 2025

APPENDIX 5 – COMMON GEOMETRIC PRACTICES

COMMON GEOMETRIC PRACTICES									
RURAL LOCAL ROADS									
		TRAFFIC VOLUME							
	TERRAIN	UNDER 50 A.D.T.	50-250 A.D.T.	250-400 A.D.T.	400-1500 A.D.T.	1500-2000 A.D.T.	OVER 2000 A.D.T.		
MINIMUM DESIGN SPEED (M.P.H.)	⑥ LEVEL	30		40	50				
	ROLLING	20	30		40				
	⑦ MOUNTAIN	20			30				
LANE WIDTH (FEET) ④ ⑧		DESIGN SPEED	UNDER 400 A.D.T.		400-1500 A.D.T.	1500-2000 A.D.T.	OVER 2000 A.D.T.		
		15 MPH	9		10 ⑨	10	11 ⑪		
		20 MPH							
		25 MPH							
		30 MPH							
		40 MPH							
		45 MPH	10		11	11	12 ⑪		
		50 MPH							
		55 MPH	11						12 ⑪
		60 MPH							
MIN. USABLE SHOULDER WIDTH (FEET) ⑤	ALL SPEEDS	2		5⑨⑩					6
MIN. CLEAR ROADWAY WIDTH OF NEW AND RECONSTRUCTED BRIDGES		ALL SPEED	TOTAL WIDTH OF LANES +2' (EACH SIDE)		TOTAL WIDTH OF LANES +3' (EACH SIDE)		TOTAL WIDTH OF LANE + USABLE SHOULDER WIDTHS ⑫		
MINIMUM RADIUS (FEET)		DESIGN SPEED	eMAX. 4%		eMAX. 6%		eMAX. 8%		
		20 MPH	86		81		76		
		25 MPH	154		144		134		
		30 MPH	250		231		214		
		35 MPH	371		340		314		
		40 MPH	533		485		444		
		45 MPH	711		643		587		
		50 MPH	926		833		758		
NORMAL PAVEMENT CROSS SLOPES ③		RATE OF CROSS SLOPE = 2%							
NORMAL SHOULDER CROSS SLOPES		EARTH = 8%				PAVED = 4%			
MAXIMUM GRADE (PERCENT)		M.P.H.	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
		LEVEL	8	7					6
		ROLLING	11		10			9	8
		MOUNTAIN	16	15	14		13	12	10
MINIMUM STOPPING SIGHT DISTANCE ①		(FEET)	115	155	200	250	305	360	425
MINIMUM PASSING SIGHT DISTANCE ②		(FEET)	400	450	500	550	600	700	800
① MINIMUM STOPPING SIGHT DISTANCE BASED ON HEIGHT OF EYE OF 3.5 FT AND HEIGHT OF OBJECT OF 2.0 FT. CONSIDER BOTH HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL ALIGNMENT.									
② MINIMUM PASSING SIGHT DISTANCE BASED ON HEIGHT OF EYE OF 3.5 FT AND HEIGHT OF OBJECT OF 3.5 FT. CONSIDER BOTH HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL ALIGNMENT.									
③ NORMAL PAVEMENT CROSS SLOPES ON BRIDGES IS 2%.									
④ CONSIDER CURVE WIDENING ON PROJECT WHEN TRUCKS AND/OR HORIZONTAL CURVATURE INDICATE A NEED.									
⑤ GRADED SHOULDER = USABLE SHOULDER +2 FT. WIDEN GRADED SHOULDER 1 FT FOR GUARDRAIL.									
⑥ WHERE SELECTED DESIGN SPEED IS > 50 MPH, USE COMMON GEOMETRIC PRACTICES EXHIBIT 700-02 FOR RURAL COLLECTOR ROADS.									
⑦ JUSTIFICATION FOR THE CHOSEN DESIGN SPEED SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED IN THE DESIGN EXECUTIVE SUMMARY.									
⑧ FOR ROADS < 400 ADT, REFER TO AASHTO'S "GEOMETRIC DESIGN GUIDELINES FOR VERY LOW-VOLUME LOCAL ROADS (ADT≤400)".									
⑨ FOR ROADS IN MOUNTAINOUS TERRAIN WITH DESIGN VOLUME OF 400 TO 600 VEH/DAY, USE 9 FT LANE WIDTH AND 2 FT SHOULDER WIDTH.									
⑩ MAY BE ADJUSTED TO ACHIEVE LANES + USABLE SHOULDER WIDTH OF 30 FT FOR DESIGN SPEEDS > 40 MPH.									
⑪ WHERE THE LANE WIDTH IS SHOWN AS 12 FT, THE WIDTH MAY REMAIN AT 11 FT ON RECONSTRUCTED HIGHWAYS WHERE SAFETY RECORDS AND ALIGNMENT ARE SATISFACTORY.									
⑫ FOR BRIDGES IN EXCESS OF 100 FT IN LENGTH, THE MINIMUM WIDTH OF LANES + 3 FT (ON EACH SIDE) MAY BE ACCEPTABLE.									

EXHIBIT 700-02

COMMON GEOMETRIC PRACTICES
RURAL COLLECTOR ROADS

		TRAFFIC VOLUME										
		TERRAIN	UNDER 400 A.D.T.			400-2000 A.D.T.			OVER 2000 A.D.T.			
MINIMUM DESIGN SPEED (M.P.H.)	⑦	LEVEL	40			50			60			
		ROLLING	30			40			50			
		MOUNTAIN	20			30			40			
LANE WIDTH (FEET) ① ⑧		DESIGN SPEED	UNDER 400 A.D.T.			400-1500 A.D.T.		1500-2000 A.D.T.		OVER 2000 A.D.T.		
		20 MPH	10 ⑨			10		11		12		
		25 MPH										
		30 MPH										
		35 MPH										
		40 MPH										
		45 MPH	10			11						
		50 MPH										
		55 MPH	11					12				
		60 MPH										
MINIMUM USABLE SHOULDER WIDTH (FEET) ⑥		ALL SPEEDS	2			5 ⑩		6		8		
MIN. CLEAR ROADWAY WIDTH OF NEW AND RECONSTRUCTED BRIDGES		ALL SPEEDS	TOTAL WIDTH OF LANES + 2' (EACH SIDE)			TOTAL WIDTH OF LANES + 3' (EACH SIDE)		TOTAL WIDTH OF LANES + 4' (EACH SIDE)		TOTAL WIDTH OF LANES + USABLE SHOULDER WIDTHS(⑪)		
MINIMUM RADIUS (FEET)		DESIGN SPEED	eMAX. 4%			eMAX. 6%			eMAX. 8%			
		20 MPH	86			81			76			
		25 MPH	154			144			134			
		30 MPH	250			231			214			
		35 MPH	371			340			314			
		40 MPH	533			485			444			
		45 MPH	711			643			587			
		50 MPH	926			833			758			
		55 MPH	1190			1060			960			
		60 MPH	1500			1330			1200			
NORMAL PAVEMENT CROSS SLOPES ④		RATE OF CROSS SLOPE = 2%										
NORMAL SHOULDER CROSS SLOPES		EARTH = 8%					PAVED = 4%					
MAXIMUM GRADE (PERCENT) ⑤		M.P.H.	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	
		LEVEL	7						6		5	
		ROLLING	10		9			8		7		6
		MOUNTAIN	12	11	10				9		8	
MINIMUM STOPPING SIGHT DISTANCE ②		(FEET)	115	155	200	250	305	360	425	495	570	
MINIMUM PASSING SIGHT DISTANCE ③		(FEET)	400	450	500	550	600	700	800	900	1000	

① WIDEN PAVEMENT ON CURVES IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPROVED DESIGN STANDARDS. REFER TO CURRENT STANDARD DRAWING FOR ADDITIONAL DETAIL.

② MINIMUM STOPPING SIGHT DISTANCE BASED ON HEIGHT OF EYE OF 3.5 FT AND HEIGHT OF OBJECT OF 2.0 FT. CONSIDER BOTH HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL ALIGNMENT.

③ MINIMUM PASSING SIGHT DISTANCE BASED ON HEIGHT OF EYE OF 3.5 FT AND HEIGHT OF OBJECT OF 3.5 FT. CONSIDER BOTH HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL ALIGNMENT.

④ NORMAL PAVEMENT CROSS SLOPES ON BRIDGES IS 2%.

⑤ MAY USE ONE PERCENT STEEPER MAXIMUM GRADES ON SHORT LENGTHS (LESS THAN 500 FT) AND ON ONE-WAY DOWN GRADES; FOR LOW-VOLUME RURAL COLLECTORS, THE MAXIMUM GRADE MAY BE 2% STEEPER.

⑥ GRADED SHOULDER = USABLE SHOULDER +2 FT. WIDEN GRADED SHOULDER 1 FT FOR GUARDRAIL.

⑦ JUSTIFICATION FOR THE CHOSEN DESIGN SPEED SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED IN THE DESIGN EXECUTIVE SUMMARY.

⑧ ON ROADWAYS TO BE RECONSTRUCTED, 11 FT LANES MAY BE RETAINED WHERE SAFETY RECORDS AND ALIGNMENT ARE SATISFACTORY.

⑨ 18 FT MINIMUM WIDTH (9 FT LANES) MAY BE USED FOR ROADWAYS WITH DESIGN VOLUMES UNDER 250 A.D.T.

⑩ SHOULDER WIDTH MAY BE REDUCED FOR DESIGN SPEEDS GREATER THAN 30 MPH PROVIDED A MINIMUM WIDTH OF LANES + USABLE SHOULDER OF 30 FT IS MAINTAINED.

⑪ FOR BRIDGES IN EXCESS OF 100 FT IN LENGTH, THE MINIMUM WIDTH OF LANES + 3 FT (ON EACH SIDE) MAY BE ACCEPTABLE.

EXHIBIT 700-03

COMMON GEOMETRIC PRACTICES RURAL ARTERIAL ROADS (OTHER THAN FREEWAYS) ④ ⑦														
DESIGN SPEED (M.P.H.) ⑥	TERRAIN													
	LEVEL		60 - 70											
	ROLLING		50 - 60											
	MOUNTAIN		40 - 50											
LANE WIDTH (FEET) ⑧			TRAFFIC VOLUME											
	DESIGN SPEED		UNDER 400 A.D.T.			400-1500 A.D.T.			1500-2000 A.D.T.			OVER 2000 A.D.T.		
	40 MPH	11	11			11			12					
	45 MPH													
	50 MPH													
	55 MPH													
	60 MPH	12	12			12								
	65 MPH													
70 MPH														
MIN. USABLE SHOULDER WIDTH (FEET) ⑤ ⑨	ALL SPEEDS	4			6			6			8			
MIN. CLEAR ROADWAY WIDTH OF NEW AND RECONSTRUCTED BRIDGES		ALL SPEED	TOTAL WIDTH OF LANES + USABLE SHOULDER WIDTHS ⑩											
MINIMUM RADIUS (FEET)	DESIGN SPEED	eMAX. 4%			eMAX. 6%			eMAX. 8%						
	30 MPH	250			231			214						
	35 MPH	371			340			314						
	40 MPH	533			485			444						
	45 MPH	711			643			587						
	50 MPH	926			833			758						
	55 MPH	1190			1060			960						
	60 MPH	1500			1330			1200						
	65 MPH	-			1660			1480						
	70 MPH	-			2040			1810						
NORMAL PAVEMENT CROSS SLOPES ③		RATE OF CROSS SLOPE = 2%												
NORMAL SHOULDER CROSS SLOPES		EARTH = 8%						PAVED = 4%						
MAXIMUM GRADE (PERCENT)	M.P.H.	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75	80		
	LEVEL	-			5		4		3					
	ROLLING	-			6		5		4					
	MOUNTAIN	-			8		7		6		5			
MINIMUM STOPPING SIGHT DISTANCE ①		(FEET)	200	250	305	360	425	495	570	645	730	820	910	
MINIMUM PASSING SIGHT DISTANCE ②		(FEET)	500	550	600	700	800	900	1000	1100	1200	1300	1400	
① MINIMUM STOPPING SIGHT DISTANCE BASED ON HEIGHT OF EYE OF 3.5 FT AND HEIGHT OF OBJECT OF 2.0 FT. CONSIDER BOTH HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL ALIGNMENT.														
② MINIMUM PASSING SIGHT DISTANCE BASED ON HEIGHT OF EYE OF 3.5 FT AND HEIGHT OF OBJECT OF 3.5 FT. CONSIDER BOTH HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL ALIGNMENT.														
③ NORMAL PAVEMENT CROSS SLOPES ON BRIDGES IS 2%.														
④ FOR GUIDANCE ON FREEWAYS, REFER TO AASHTO, "A POLICY ON GEOMETRIC DESIGN OF HIGHWAYS AND STREETS", CURRENT EDITION.														
⑤ GRADED SHOULDER = USABLE SHOULDER + 2 FT. WIDEN GRADED SHOULDER 1 FT FOR GUARDRAIL.														
⑥ JUSTIFICATION FOR THE CHOSEN DESIGN SPEED SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED IN THE DESIGN EXECUTIVE SUMMARY.														
⑦ FOR GUIDANCE ON INTERSTATES, REFER TO AASHTO, "A POLICY ON DESIGN STANDARDS INTERSTATE SYSTEM", CURRENT EDITION.														
⑧ ON ROADWAYS TO BE RECONSTRUCTED, EXISTING 11 FT LANES MAY BE RETAINED WHERE THE SAFETY RECORDS AND ALIGNMENT ARE SATISFACTORY.														
⑨ PREFERABLY, USABLE SHOULDERS ON ARTERIALS SHOULD BE PAVED; HOWEVER, WHERE VOLUMES ARE LOW OR IN AREAS WHERE WIDE PAVED SHOULDERS ARE UNDESIRABLE, THE PAVED PORTION MAY BE A MINIMUM OF 2 FT, PROVIDED BICYCLE ACCOMMODATIONS ARE NOT BEING PROVIDED.														
⑩ ON BRIDGES IN EXCESS OF 200 FT IN LENGTH, OFFSETS TO PARAPET, RAIL, OR BARRIER MAY BE AT A MINIMUM OF 4 FT FROM EDGE OF TRAVELED WAY ON BOTH SIDES.														

EXHIBIT 700-04

COMMON GEOMETRIC PRACTICES

URBAN ROADWAYS (OTHER THAN FREEWAYS AND INTERSTATES) ⑬ ⑯

		URBAN LOCAL STREETS ① ③			URBAN COLLECTOR STREETS ② ③			URBAN ARTERIAL STREETS ② ③							
DESIGN SPEED ⑭		20 M.P.H. – 30 M.P.H.			MIN. 30 M.P.H.			30 M.P.H. – 60 M.P.H.							
NUMBER OF LANES		DESIRABLE 2			MINIMUM 2 ④			MINIMUM 2 ④							
LANE WIDTH	RESIDENTIAL	MIN. 10'			MIN. 10'			10': < 35 MPH SPEEDS AND LOW TRUCK AND BUS VOLUME 11': ≤ 45 MPH (INTERRUPTED FLOW CONDITIONS) 12': > 45 MPH DESIRABLE ON HIGH SPEED, FREE FLOWING, PRINCIPAL ARTERIALS							
	COMMERCIAL	MIN. 10'			MIN. 10'										
	INDUSTRIAL	MIN. 12'			MIN. 12'										
SIDEWALK		MINIMUM 4' DESIRABLE 8' ⑮													
MIN. CLEAR ROADWAY WIDTH OF NEW AND ⑪ RECONSTRUCTED BRIDGES		MINIMUM CURB TO CURB WIDTH													
BORDER AREA ⑤		5' – 11'			8' – 12'										
MINIMUM RADIUS (FEET)		100'			⑥										
MAXIMUM GRADE (PERCENT)	RESIDENTIAL: 15 COMMERCIAL: 8 INDUSTRIAL: 8 ⑫														
		M.P.H.	30	35	40	45	50	⑨ M.P.H.	30	35	40	45	50	55	60
		LEVEL	9			8		7	LEVEL	8	7		6		5
		ROLLING	11	10		9		8	ROLLING	9	8		7		6
		MOUNTAIN	12			11		10	MOUNTAIN	11	10		9		8
NORMAL PAVEMENT CROSS SLOPES ⑧		2%													
NORMAL SHOULDER CROSS SLOPES		EARTH = 8%					PAVED = 4%								
SUPERELEVATION		⑩ 4% MAX.			6% MAX.			⑥							
MINIMUM STOPPING SIGHT DISTANCE ⑦ (FEET)	M.P.H.	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60					
	MIN.	115	155	200	250	305	360	425	495	570					

① TURNING LANES: 9' MINIMUM-12' DESIRED; PARKING LANES: RESIDENTIAL- 7' MINIMUM; COMMERCIAL & INDUSTRIAL- 8' MINIMUM.

② TURNING LANES: 10' MINIMUM-12' DESIRED; PARKING LANES: RESIDENTIAL- 7' – 8'; COMMERCIAL & INDUSTRIAL- 8' – 11'.

③ VERTICAL CURBS WITH HEIGHTS OF 4" OR GREATER ADJACENT TO TRAVELED WAY SHOULD BE OFFSET A MINIMUM OF 1 FOOT. WHEN A CURB AND GUTTER SECTION IS PROVIDED, THE GUTTER PAN WIDTH, NORMALLY 2 FEET, SHOULD BE USED AS THE OFFSET DISTANCE.

④ THE NUMBER OF LANES TO BE PROVIDED ON STREETS WITH A CURRENT ADT OF 2000 OR GREATER SHOULD BE DETERMINED BY A HIGHWAY CAPACITY ANALYSIS OF THE DESIGN TRAFFIC VOLUMES. SUCH ANALYSIS SHOULD BE MADE FOR FUTURE DESIGN TRAFFIC. (DESIRABLE)

⑤ THE BORDER AREA, MEASURED FROM THE FACE OF CURB, BETWEEN THE ROADWAY AND THE RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE SHOULD BE WIDE ENOUGH TO SERVE SEVERAL PURPOSES, INCLUDING SERVING AS A BUFFER SPACE BETWEEN PEDESTRIANS AND VEHICULAR TRAFFIC; A SIDEWALK; AND AN AREA FOR UTILITIES.

⑥ REFER TO CHAPTER 3 OF AASHTO'S "A POLICY ON GEOMETRIC DESIGN OF HIGHWAYS AND STREETS" CURRENT EDITION.

⑦ MINIMUM STOPPING SIGHT DISTANCE BASED ON HEIGHT OF EYE OF 3.5 FT AND HEIGHT OF OBJECT OF 2.0 FT. CONSIDER BOTH HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL ALIGNMENT.

⑧ NORMAL PAVEMENT CROSS SLOPES ON BRIDGES SHALL BE 2%.

⑨ ARTERIALS WITH LARGE NUMBER OF TRUCKS AND OPERATING NEAR CAPACITY SHOULD CONSIDER GRADES FLATTER THAN THOSE IN RURAL SECTIONS TO AVOID UNDESIRABLE REDUCTIONS IN SPEED.

⑩ SUPERELEVATION MAY NOT BE REQUIRED ON LOCAL STREETS IN RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL & INDUSTRIAL AREAS.

⑪ THE BRIDGE WIDTH FOR URBAN ROADWAYS WITH SHOULDERS SHOULD NOT BE LESS THAN WIDTHS SHOWN FOR RURAL ROADS APPROVED ROADWAY WIDTHS.

⑫ MAXIMUM GRADES OF SHORT LENGTHS (LESS THAN 500') AND ON ONE-WAY DOWN GRADES MAY BE TWO PERCENT STEEPER.

⑬ FOR GUIDANCE ON FREEWAYS, REFER TO AASHTO'S, "A POLICY ON GEOMETRIC DESIGN OF HIGHWAYS AND STREETS."

⑭ INTERMEDIATE DESIGN SPEEDS (5 MPH INCREMENTS) MAY BE APPROPRIATE WHERE TERRAIN AND OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS DICTATE.

⑮ REFER TO AASHTO'S "GUIDE FOR DEVELOPMENT OF BICYCLE FACILITIES", CURRENT EDITION, WHEN COMBINING A PEDESTRIAN SIDEWALK WITH A BICYCLE PATH.

⑯ FOR GUIDANCE ON INTERSTATES, REFER TO AASHTO'S "A POLICY ON DESIGN STANDARDS INTERSTATE SYSTEM", CURRENT EDITION.

